

IAR Debug Probes User Guide

l-jet®

for **RISC-V**



IARProbesRISCV-1b

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EDITION NOTICE

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l-jet

- Introduction
- Working with I-jet
- Technical specifications

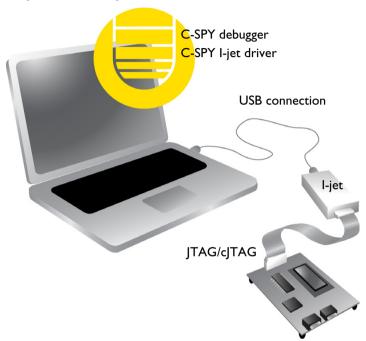
Introduction

These topics are covered:

- The I-jet in-circuit debugging probe
- Requirements
- Target connections

THE I-JET IN-CIRCUIT DEBUGGING PROBE

I-jet connects to the target board via a JTAG or cJTAG connection, and to the host computer via the USB port.



I-jet communicates using USB 2.0. (USB 1.0 is also supported but not advised.) The I-jet in-circuit debugging probe is also referred to as a debug probe, debug adapter, or JTAG in-circuit emulator by different tool vendors.



I-jet streams power measurement data to the host computer to provide a view into program execution in real time. Besides the typical JTAG debugging, I-jet is capable of providing power to the target board and measuring it with sufficient accuracy to provide a power profile during program execution in real time. This feature is referred to as *power debugging*.

REQUIREMENTS

I-jet needs to be controlled by the IAR C-SPY® Debugger which comes with the IAR Embedded Workbench® IDE.

TARGET CONNECTIONS

These interfaces are supported:

- MIPI-20 (part number SHF-110-01-L-D): JTAG, cJTAG
- MIPI-10 (part number SHF-105-01-L-D): JTAG, cJTAG
- ARM-20 (part number HTST-110-01-L-DV): JTAG, cJTAG

I-jet comes with a MIPI-20 connector on the front panel, with MIPI-20 and MIPI-10 cables, and a legacy ARM-20 adapter.

All other available I-jet adapters are also compatible with I-jet Trace.

Working with I-jet

These tasks are covered:

- Setup and installation
- Connecting the target system
- Updating the probe firmware

For information about debugging using I-jet, see the *C-SPY*® *Debugging Guide for RISC-V*.

SETUP AND INSTALLATION

Software

Before you can use I-jet, you need to install IAR Embedded Workbench for RISC-V. For information, see the *Installation and Licensing Quick Reference* booklet—available in the product box—and the *Licensing Guide*.

Probe setup

I-jet does not require any special driver software installation. Normally, all drivers for I-jet are automatically installed as part of the IAR Embedded Workbench installation.

If you need to install the USB driver manually, navigate to \Program Files\IAR Systems\Embedded Workbench x.x\riscv\drivers\j et\USB\32-bit or 64-bit (depending on your system). Start the dpinst.exe application. This will install the USB driver.

For information about using multiple I-jet probes on the same host computer, see the *C-SPY*® *Debugging Guide for RISC-V*.

CONNECTING THE TARGET SYSTEM

Power-up your I-jet probe

- Connect I-jet to the target board using the cable that matches the target board connector (MIPI-20 or MIPI-10). If an ARM-20 JTAG connector is used, you must first plug the ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter into the JTAG connector.
- **2** Connect I-jet to the host computer using the USB micro cable.

Note: No harm is done if the above order is reversed.



To prevent damage, the target GND and the USB host GND must be at the same level. When *hot-plugging*, make sure that the PC and the target board power supply are connected to the same grounded wall outlet or a common grounded desktop power strip.

Power up your evaluation board

If you have an evaluation board that is prepared for it, you can power the board via I-jet through pin 19 on the ARM-20 connector, or pin 11/13 on the small MIPI-20 connector. Target power of up to 420 mA can be supplied from I-jet with overload protection. Most of the IAR Systems KickStart Kits contain an evaluation board that can be powered this way. Make sure that the power jumper found on most of these boards matches your setup.

Note: The target board will get power via I-jet once you choose the **Download and Debug** or **Debug without Downloading** command, but not before.

Note: The only way to use the power debugging feature is to power up your evaluation board via I-jet.

UPDATING THE PROBE FIRMWARE

I-jet and I-jet Trace are designed so that firmware updates are not necessary unless new features added to IAR Embedded Workbench for RISC-V require extra hardware

support. When a new version of IAR Embedded Workbench for RISC-V is released and a new feature that requires new firmware is used, C-SPY displays a message in the **Debug Log** window asking you to update the firmware.

Note: Support for new MCU devices is managed by software updates in IAR Embedded Workbench for RISC-V, and has nothing to do with I-jet or I-jet Trace firmware.

For more information about firmware versions, see the release notes.

To update the probe firmware:

I In IAR Embedded Workbench, choose I-jet>EmuDiag to display the About to Connect to an Emulator dialog box.

About to Connect to an Emulator	×		
Please select connection method to be used:			
Connect to an Emulator Automatically			
Select Emulator and Customize Connection Parameters			
Connect to Recently Used Emulator:			
Emu=JTAGjet;Port=USB JTAGjet:76089			
Click Next > Button to Continue Next > Canc	el		

Select Connect to an Emulator Automatically and click Next.

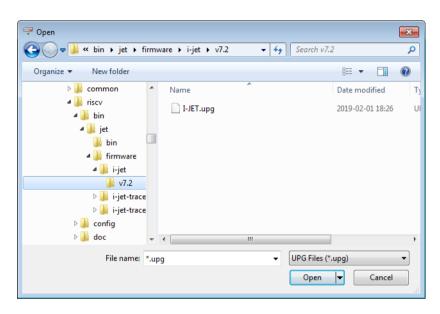
2 In the EmuDiag dialog box that is displayed, click the Update Firmware button.

```
👎 EmuDiag 3.57
                                                                                  - • ×
Emulator: Emu=JTAGjet;Port=USB JTAGjet:76089
                                                                                       Help
 JTAG module version 36

    JTAGjet

                                                                                           -
 OK: Emu=JTAGjet;Port=USB JTAGjet:76089
                                                                                     Connect ..
 Get info:
  _____
                                                                                     Get Info
 Emulator: Emu=JTAGjet;Port=USB JTAGjet:76089
                                                                                      Update
                                                                                     Firmware ..
 Current FLASH:
  Model:
                I-jet (05/31/2013 18:34)
  Version:
                    4
  PRN:
S/N:
                  1308 (09/23/2013 10:34)
                                                                                    All Tests 💌
  S/N:
                 76089 (09/23/2013 10:34)
                                                                                       Test
  Binary Dump:
                                                                                     Connection..
    HW Record[16]
      EMPTY (16 bytes)
                                                                                    Test JTAG ..
     ID Record[30]
                                                                                    JTAG Cmd ..
      IE 01 07 00 31 05 13 20 34 18 08 13 00 00 23 09 ....1.. 4.....#.
      13 20 34 10 89 60 07 00 23 09 13 20 34 10
                                                       I-jet Power ...
     Data[4050]
      EMPTY (4050 bytes)
 Current EEPROM:
                                                                                     Clear Log
  Model: I-jet
               76089 (09/23/2013 10:33)
   S/N:
                                                                                     Save Log.
   Version:
                     2 (07/23/2013 17:29)
                                                                                     Copy Log to
                                                                                     the Clipboard
   _____
  END OF Get info
                                                                                       Done
```

3 In the dialog box that is displayed, browse to the riscv\bin\jet\firmware\i-jet folder of your IAR Embedded Workbench installation. In one of the subfolders, select the firmware file that you want to use and click **Open**.



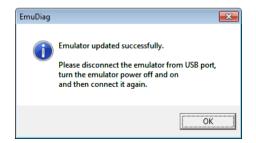
4 The update log information is displayed in the **EmuDiag** dialog box.

```
P EmuDiag 3.57 (Not Responding)
                                                                                           - - -
 Emulator: Emu=JTAGjet;Port=USB JTAGjet:76089
                                                                                                 Help
   Version:
                         2 (07/23/2018 17:29)

    JTAGjet

                                                                                                     -
                                                                                               Connect...
 END OF Get info
                                                                                               Get Info.
 Current FLASH (fmt id=1):
                                                                                                Update
   Model:
               I-jet (05/31/2018 18:34)
                                                                                               Firmware
   Version:
                      36
   PRN:
                     1308 (09/23/2018 10:34)
                    76089 (09/23/2018 10:34)
   S/N:
 Current EEPROM:
                                                                                              All Tests 🔻
   Model: I-jet
   S/N:
                    76089 (09/23/2018 10:33)
                                                                                                 Test
   Version:
                        2 (07/23/2018 17:29)
                                                                                              Connection..
 FLASH will be programmed with file C:\EWRISCV-1.10\Embedded Workbench 8.3\riscv\bir
                                                                                              Test JTAG ..
 Signature in file (fmt_id=1):
                                                                                              JTAG Cmd.
   Model:
                    I-jet (05/31/2018 18:34)
                                                                                              I-jet Power ..
 EEPROM will be programmed with file C:\EWRISCV-1.10\Embedded Workbench 8.3\riscv\bi
 Signature in file:
   I-jet
   Version: 12 (07/24/2018 14:32)
                                                                                               Clear Log
 FLASH programming skipped (same FW date and time code).
                                                                                              Save Log.
                                                                                              Copy Log to
 Programming USB EEPROM may take about 1 minute.
                                                                                              the Clipboard
 Do not interrupt programming process (no progress will be shown) ......
                                                                                                Done
  ₹.
```

5 When the firmware update is complete, a message is displayed.



Technical specifications

Reference information about:

- The I-jet package, page 13
- Model specifications, page 13
- JTAG timing specification, page 14
- Hardware revision history, page 15
- Target interface, page 16
- Indicators, page 19
- Adapters, page 20

THE I-JET PACKAGE

The I-jet package contains:

- The I-jet in-circuit debugging probe
- MIPI-20 JTAG cable
- MIPI-10 JTAG cable
- USB 2.0 Micro B cable
- ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter
- Welcome letter.

MODEL SPECIFICATIONS

These are the specifications of I-jet:

USB speed	480 Mbps (USB 2.0)
USB connection	Micro-B
Target connection	MIPI-20, MIPI-10
Adapters included	ADA-MIPI20-ARM20
I-jet debug interface	JTAG and SWD
JTAG/SWD maximum clock	32 MHz
SWO protocols supported	Manchester and UART
SWO maximum speed	60 Mbps
Power supplied to target	420 mA max at 4.4 V-5 V
Over-current protection	~520 mA

Target power measurement resolution	~160 uA
Target power measurement speed	up to 200 ksps (kilo samples per second)
JTAG voltage range (auto-sensing)	1.65 V to 5.5 V
JTAG VTref measurement resolution	~2 mV
Current draw from VTref	< 50 uA
JTAG clock rise/fall time (TCK)	<= 2 ns*
Clock fall time	<= 2 ns*

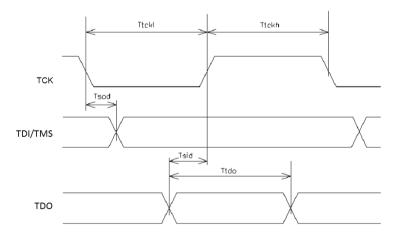
* <= 4 ns when the target board is connected

I-jet comes with a 20-pin MIPI connector—0.05 in $\times 0.05$ (1.27 mm x 1.27 mm) pitch on the front panel. It includes two cables:

- A 6-inch cable with 20-pin MIPI connectors on both ends for targets with 20-pin MIPI headers. Pin 7 on each end is keyed with a white plug.
- A 6-inch cable with a 20-pin MIPI connector on one side (to connect to I-jet), and a 10-pin MIPI connector on the other side for connection to targets with 10-pin headers. Pin 7 on the 20-pin end is keyed with a white plug. A red stripe on the cable indicates pin 1 (VTref).

JTAG TIMING SPECIFICATION

This figure shows the JTAG timing and parameters:



In a JTAG device that fully complies to IEEE1149.1 standard, the TDI/TMS signals should be sampled on the rising edge of TCK, and TDO should be sent on the falling edge of TCK. I-jet takes advantage of these requirements and changes its TDI and TMS signals on the falling edge of TCK and samples the TDO on the rising edge of TCK. However, to accommodate target boards with long JTAG chains and fast JTAG clocks, I-jet allows TDO to be as late as 50 ns after the rising edge of TCK.

This table shows the timing specifications of the JTAG port measured at the end of its MIPI-20 cable without connection to target (VTref set to 3.3 V). The only load on the measured signals is the oscilloscope 3.9 pF probe.

Parameter	Min	Max	Description
T _{tckl}	15.6 ns	250 us	TCK LOW period
T _{tckh}	15.6 ns	250 us	TCK HIGH period
T _{sod} ^I		2.0 ns	TDI and TMS outputs valid from TCK falling
T _{sid} ²	3 ns before TCK to 50 ns after TCK		TDO setup to TCK rising
T _{tdo}	T _{tckl}		TDO valid length

Table 1: I-jet JTAG port timing specifications

1 T_{sod} is the maximum delay from the falling edge of TCK and a valid level on the I-jet output signals, TDI and TMS. The target MCU will sample these signals on the following rising edge of TCK and so the minimum setup time for the target, relative to the rising edge of TCK, is T_{bscl} - T_{bsod} .

 $2 T_{sid}$ is the minimum setup time for the TDO input signal, relative to the rising edge of TCK when I-jet samples this signal. Because the target MCU changes its TDO value on the previous falling edge of TCK, there might not be enough time at very-high JTAG speeds for the TDO to arrive before the positive edge of TCK. To compensate for any TDO delays, I-jet configures itself automatically to delays introduced to the TDO by the target board and will tolerate TDO delays of up to 50 ns after the positive edge of the TCK.

HARDWARE REVISION HISTORY

These are the versions of I-jet:

Version	Change specification	Date
Version A	The first version	April 2012

Table 2: I-jet versions

Version	Change specification	Date
Version B	Added extra RAM to the SWO FIFO buffer to improve SWO performance on older, slower PCs. Optional board current measurement resolution at 16.3 uA instead of 163 uA on I-jet Version A.	June 2017

Table 2: I-jet versions (Continued)

Version, production date, and serial number can be found on the backside of the probe.

Note: In IAR Embedded Workbench, choose **I-jet>EmuDiag** to open the **EmuDiag** dialog box where you can find both hardware and firmware versions of the plugged-in I-jet.

TARGET INTERFACE

This section contains descriptions of pinout, signals, and connectors. The following cables are described in detail:

- The JTAG/SWD MIPI-20 cable
- The JTAG/SWD MIPI-10 cable

The JTAG/SWD - MIPI-20 cable

I-jet comes with a 6-inch cable with 20-pin MIPI connectors on both ends for devices with 20-pin MIPI headers. Pin 7 on each end is keyed with a white plug:

		1
VTref	1 • • 2	SWDIO/TMS
GND	3 ●● 4	SWCLK/TCK
GND	5 • • 6	SWO/TDO
	7 ● 8	TDI
GND [└ 9 ● ● 10	nRESET
TgtPwr	_11 ●●12	TRACECLK
TgtPwr	13 ●● 14	TRACEDATA[0]/swo2
GND	15 ●● 16	TRACEDATA[1] /nTRST
GND	17 ●● 18	TRACEDATA[2]
GND	19 • • 20	TRACEDATA[3]
		1

The mating connector for a target board has the pitch size 0.05 in (1.27 mm). You can, for example, use part number SHF-110-01-L-D.

Pin	Signal	Туре	Description
I	VTref	Input	The target reference voltage. Used by I-jet to check whether the target has power, to create the logic-level reference for the input comparators, and to control the output logic levels to the target. It is normally fed from JTAG I/O voltage.
2	swdio/tms	I/O, output	JTAG mode set input of target CPU. This pin should be pulled up on the target. Typically connected to TMS of the target CPU.
3			This pin is a GND pin connected to GND in I-jet. It should also be connected to GND in the target system.
4	SWCLK/TCK	Output	JTAG clock signal to target CPU. It is recommended that this pin is pulled to a defined state of the target board. Typically connected to TCK of the target CPU.
5			This pin is a GND pin connected to GND in I-jet. It should also be connected to GND in the target system.
6	swo/tdo	Input	JTAG data output from target CPU. Typically connected to TDO of the target CPU. When using SWD, this pin is used as Serial Wire Output (SWO) trace port. (Optional, but not required for SWD communication.)
			This pin (normally pin 7) does not exist.
8	TDI	Output	JTAG data input of target CPU. It is recommended that this pin is pulled to a defined state on the target board. Typically connected to TDI of the target CPU. For CPUs which do not provide TDI (SWD-only devices), this pin is not used (tri-stated).
9			This pin is a GND pin connected to GND in I-jet. It should also be connected to GND in the target system.
10	nRESET	I/O	Target CPU reset signal. Typically connected to the RESET pin of the target CPU, which is typically called nRST, nRESET, or RESET.

These are the MIPI-20 pin definitions:

Table 3: MIPI-20 pin definitions

Pin	Signal	Туре	Description
11	TgtPwr	Output	This pin can be used for supplying 5 V power to the target hardware from I-jet.
12 Not used	TRACECLK	Input	Input trace clock.
13	TgtPwr	Output	This pin can be used for supplying 5 V power to the target hardware from I-jet.
14 Not used	TRACEDATA[0] / SWO2	Input	Input Trace data pin 0. This pin can be used as secondary SWO.
15			This pin is a GND pin connected to GND in I-jet. It should also be connected to GND in the target system.
16 Not used	TRACEDATA[I] / nTRST	Input	Input Trace data pin I. This pin can be used as nTRST.
17			This pin is a GND pin connected to GND in I-jet. It should also be connected to GND in the target system.
18 Not used	TRACEDATA[2]	Input	Input Trace data pin 2.
19			This pin is a GND pin connected to GND in I-jet. It should also be connected to GND in the target system.
20 Not used	TRACEDATA[3]	Input	Input Trace data pin 3.

Table 3: MIPI-20 pin definitions (Continued)

The JTAG/SWD - MIPI-10 cable

I-jet also comes with a 6-inch cable with a 20-pin MIPI connector on one side (to connect to I-jet) and a 10-pin MIPI connector on the other side for connection to devices with 10-pin headers. Pin 7 on each end is keyed with a white plug:

V Tref	1 • • 2	SWDIO / TMS
GND _		SWCLK / TCK
GND	5 • • 6	SWO / TDO
L	8● 7 إ	TDI
GND	9 ●● 10	nRE S ET

The mating connector for a target board has the pitch size 0.05 in (1.27 mm). You can, for example, use part number SHF-105-01-L-D.

-•

These are	the MIPI-10	pin definitions:
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Pin	Signal	Туре	Description
I	VTref	Input	The target reference voltage. Used by I-jet to check whether the target has power, to create the logic-level reference for the input comparators, and to control the output logic levels to the target. It is normally fed from JTAG I/O voltage.
2	swdio/tms	I/O, output	JTAG mode set input of target CPU. This pin should be pulled up on the target. Typically connected to TMS of the target CPU.
3	GND	GND	Connected to logic GND on I-jet.
4	SWCLK/TCK	Output	JTAG clock signal to target CPU. It is recommended that this pin is pulled to a defined state of the target board. Typically connected to TCK of the target CPU.
5	GND	GND	Connected to logic GND on I-jet.
6	swo/tdo	Input	JTAG data output from target CPU. Typically connected to TDO of the target CPU. When using SWD, this pin is used as Serial Wire Output (SWO) trace port. (Optional, not required for SWD communication.)
7		KEY	KEY or GND.
8	TDI/NC	Output	JTAG data input of target CPU. It is recommended that this pin is pulled to a defined state on the target board. Typically connected to TDI of the target CPU. For CPUs that do not provide TDI (SWD-only devices), this pin is not used (tri-stated).
9	GND	GND	GND and target detect presence.
10	nRESET	Output	nRESET or TRST.

Table 4: MIPI-10 pin definitions

INDICATORS

I-jet has three LED indicators on the top, marked **TPWR**, **DBG**, and **USB**. The following indicators and their statuses are described in detail:

- The TPWR indicator (Target power)
- The DBG indicator (JTAG/SWD)
- The USB indicator

The TPWR indicator (Target power)

Indicator status	Description	
Off	Power to target is not provided by I-jet.	
Green	Power to target is provided by I-jet.	
Yellow	Warning. Power to target is above 420 mA.	
Red	Error. Overcurrent limit (520 mA) detected and power to target was switched off for protection.	

Table 5: TPWR indicator statuses

The DBG indicator (JTAG/SWD)

Indicator status	Description
Off	vTRef on JTAG header is too low.
Green	vTRef is at or above 1.8 V.
Green blinking	Indicates JTAG/SWD communication activity.

Table 6: DBG indicator statuses

The USB indicator

Indicator status	Description
Off	No USB power.
Green steady	Initial state or no transfer.
Green blinking	USB transfers to or from I-jet.
Red blinking	USB enumeration.
Red steady	USB did not enumerate or broken hardware.

Table 7: USB indicator statuses

ADAPTERS

There are a number of useful adapters available. All of them are automatically recognized by I-jet. The following adapters are described in detail:

- The ADA-MIPI20-ISO isolation adapter
- The ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter
- The ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter
- The ADA-MIPI20-cTI20 adapter.

Adapters not included in the I-jet package can be purchased from IAR Systems.

These are the mating target headers for the adapters

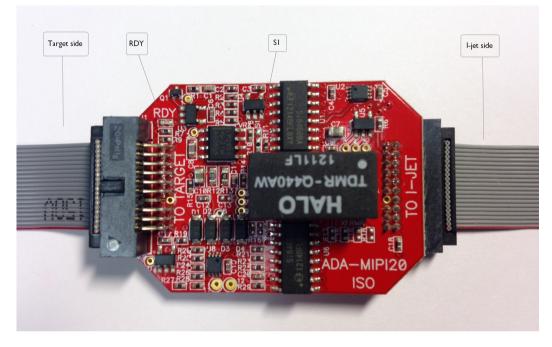
TI-14	сТІ-20
HTST-107-01-L-DV	TML-110-02-GD-SM-006 (shrouded)
	FTR-110-51-S-D-06 (unshrouded)

Table 8: Mating target headers, part numbers

The ADA-MIPI20-ISO isolation adapter

The ADA-MIPI20-ISO isolation adapter galvanically isolates signals between the I-jet MIPI-20 connector and the target MIPI-20 connector. You can use it to reduce the risk of damage to the I-jet debug probe associated with power ground loops, voltage spikes, electrostatic discharge (ESD), and noisy power and ground lines generated by targets which drive high-current motors and other machinery.

The adapter has two MIPI-20 headers marked **TO I-JET** and **TO TARGET**. Make sure to connect the headers correctly because switching the sides will not work and might damage the adapter. The target side of the isolation adapter can be used with any passive IAR I-jet adapters, for example, the ADA-MIPI20-ARM20, ADA-MIPI20-TI14, and ADA-MIPI20-CTI20 adapters, and the MIPI20-MIPI10 cable.



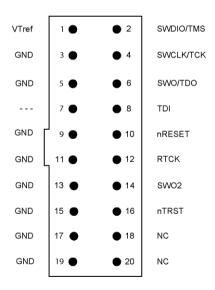
The adapter is automatically recognized by the IAR C-SPY® Debugger, and the adapter powers up and the green **RDY** LED is turned on.

Specifications

- Galvanic isolation up to 3000 V peak* (< 1 sec transients. See *Important safety and disclaimer note*, page 24) with continuous working voltage operation of up to 300 V.
- Compatible with I-jet
- Supports JTAG, SWD, and SWO debug modes
- Compatible with I-jet Trace in JTAG, SWD, and SWO modes only (ETM trace is not supported)
- Powered entirely by I-jet via pins 11 and 13 on the MIPI-20 header
- The RDY LED indicates that the unit is powered and ready to use
- Supports target voltages from 2.5 to 5 V
- JTAG clock speed up to 32 MHz

Compatibility notes

- The adapter does not supply power to target and therefore does not resume the target power consumption.
- When used with the ADA-MIPI20-TI14 and ADA-MIPI20-CTI20 adapters, the EMU0 and EMU1 signals are not connected.
- Due to added JTAG signals propagation delays, some target boards might not work at the full 32 MHz JTAG clock speed, so reducing the JTAG speed in C-SPY might be needed.
- The adapter does not support 1.8 V JTAG signals from target. The target JTAG voltage range is limited to 2.5-5 V.
- The JTAG interface on the target side automatically adapts to the voltage given on the target VTREF pin (2.5 V-5 V). Because of the isolation barrier, the I-jet side uses its own voltage, independent of the target voltage. This is for information only and has no effect on the target JTAG operation.



MIPI20 connector pinout on target side

For more information about the signal descriptions, see *The JTAG/SWD - MIPI-20* cable, page 16.

Important safety and disclaimer note

The continuous normal operation voltage across the isolation barrier should not exceed 300 V DC.

The isolation voltage only represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages—the probe should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. For use with higher continuous voltages, additional isolation/insulation systems must be used in accordance with the safety standard requirements.



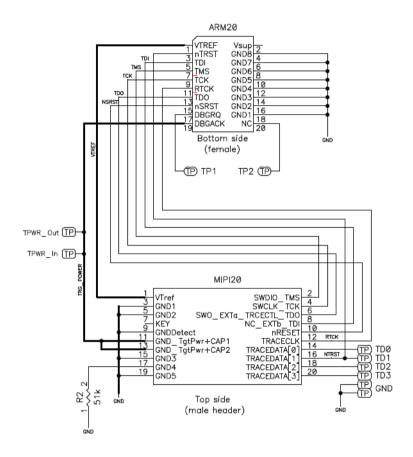
When handling equipment subjected to high voltages, use caution and follow all safety regulations. Touching any exposed circuitry on the target, the adapter, cables, or the I-jet probe can cause injury or death.

IAR Systems or the manufacturer shall not be liable for any damages related to the use of this probe.

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The ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter

The ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter is included with I-jet. It converts the MIPI-20 I-jet cable to the legacy ARM-20—0.1 in \times 0.1 in (2.56 mm x 2.56 mm) pitch—JTAG headers. This is a diagram of the adapter:



These are the pin definitions of the ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter:

Pin	l-jet direction	Name	Description
nTRST	Output	Test Logic Reset	Test reset. Active LOW signal that resets the TAP controller's state machine.

Table 9: ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter pin definitions

Pin	l-jet direction	Name	Description
ТСК	Output	Test Clock	TCK synchronizes all JTAG transactions. TCK connects to all JTAG devices in the scan chain. TCK flows down the stack of modules and connects to each JTAG device.
TMS	Output	Test Mode Select	TMS controls transitions in the tap controller state machine. TMS connects to all JTAG devices in the scan chain as the signal flows down the module stack
TDI	Output	Test Data Input	TDI is the test data input signal that is routed to the TDI input of the first device in the scan chain.
TDO	Input	Test Data Output	TDO is the return path of the test data input signal TDI. In a multi-device JTAG chain, the TDO of the first device connects to the TDI of the next device, etc. The last device's TDO is connected to the TDO on the JTAG header.
RTCK	Input	TCK Return	This pin is not used and is connected to ground on the target board.
VTref	Input	Voltage Target Reference	This is the target reference voltage. It indicates that the target has power. VTref is normally fed from Vdc on the target hardware and might have a series resistor (though this is not recommended). VTref is used by I-jet to detect if target power is active and to set JTAG signal voltage reference for level translators.
nSRST	I/O	System Reset	Active LOW open-collector signal that is driven by I-jet to reset the device and/or the target board. I-jet senses this line to determine when you have reset the device.
Vsupply	Output		This pin is not connected to I-jet.
DBGRQ	Output		This pin is not connected on I-jet.
DBGAC K/TRGP WR	Output	Target Power	This pin is used under SW control to supply 5 V power to the target board. It should be routed through a jumper shunt to the 5 V DC board input to eliminate the power adapter during debugging. The maximum current supplied by I-jet on this pin is about 420 mA. When the current supplied reaches ~500 mA, the power will be shut down for protection.

Table 9: ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter pin definitions (Continued)

The R2 pull-down on pin 17 of the I-jet MIPI20 connector is a signal to I-jet that a legacy ADA-MIPI20-ARM20 adapter is being used. Other adapters will have different resistors so that I-jet can identify them if needed. A solid GND on this pin means that no adapter is being used, and that the MIPI cable is connected directly between the I-jet and the target board.

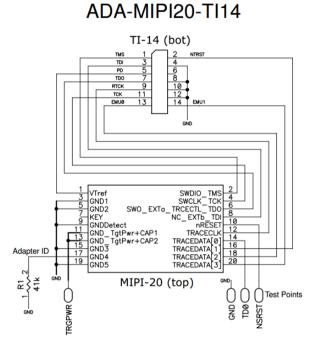
The ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter

The ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter converts the I-jet standard MIPI-20 cable pinout to the Texas Instruments legacy 14-pin JTAG interface used on older OMAP and other TMS320, TMS470, and TMS570 target boards.

The adapter has the MIPI-20 male header on top for connecting the I-jet MIPI-20 cable and a TI-14-style female header (socket) on the bottom. The TI-14 JTAG header is a 14-pin, double-row, 0.1 in \times 0.1 in (2.56 mm \times 2.56 mm) pitch connector with a key (plug) in position 6 to prevent misconnections. In case the plug is missing, a white arrow on pin 1 of the TI-14 connector helps you ensure proper orientation.



This is a diagram of the ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter:



These are the pin definitions for the ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter:

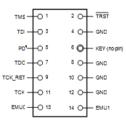
Pin	l-jet direction	Name	Description
nTRST	Output	Test Logic	Active LOW signal that causes all test and debug
		Reset	logic in the device to be reset along with the IEEE 1149.1 TAP.
ТСК	Output	Test Clock	This is the test clock used for driving the IEEE I 149.1 TAP state machine and logic.
TMS	Output	Test Mode Select	Directs the next state of the IEEE 1149.1 TAP state machine.
TDI	Output	Test Data Input	IEEE 1149.1 scan data input to the device.
TDO	Input	Test Data Output	IEEE 1149.1 scan data output from the device.

Table 10: ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter pin definitions

Pin	l-jet direction	Name	Description
RTCK	Input	TCK Return	Not used; connected to ground on the target board.
PD	Input	Power Detect	Should be ties to the I/O voltage of the target device. Used by I-jet to detect whether target power is active and to set the JTAG signal voltage reference for level translators.
EMU0	I/O	Emulation 0	Depending on the device, EMU pins support boot modes and other features. I-jet does not use this pin but it is routed to the TRACEDATA[2] pin on the MIPI20 connector. For proper booting, this pin should be pulled up on the target.
EMUI	I/O	Emulation I	Depending on the device, EMU pins support boot modes and other features. I-jet does not use this pin but it is routed to the TRACEDATA[3] pin on the MIPI20 connector. For proper booting, this pin should be pulled up on the target.

Table 10: ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter pin definitions (Continued)

This is the pinout of the target cTI20 JTAG header. Pin 6 should be missing to indicate the proper orientation.



A 0.74 in (18.9 mm)

 B
 1.0 in (25.4 mm)

 C
 0.76 in (19.4 mm)

 D
 0.062 in (1.6 mm)

 J
 0.38 in (9.6 mm)

 K
 0.80 in (20.3 mm)

TI14 header information (for target board)

The TI14 header is manufactured by Samtec USA. The model number is TSM-107-01-F-DV. For more information, see the manufacturer's web page: http://www.samtec.com/products/tsm.

The ADA-MIPI20-cTI20 adapter

The ADA-MIPI20-cTI20 adapter adapts the I-jet standard MIPI-20 cable pinout to the Texas Instruments compact 20-pin JTAG interface used on some newer OMAP, DaVinci, and other TMS320, TMS470, and TMS570 target boards.

The adapter has the MIPI-20 male header on top for connecting the I-jet MIPI-20 cable, and a cTI-20 style female header (socket) on the bottom. The cTI-20 JTAG header is a 20-pin, double-row, high-density 0.05 in $\times 0.1$ in (1.27 mm $\times 2.56$ mm) pitch connector

These are the top view dimensions of the ADA-MIPI20-TI14 adapter:

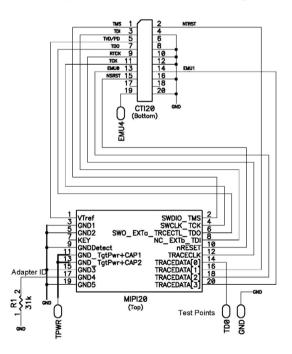
l-jet ___

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with a key (plug) in position 6 to prevent misconnections. In case the plug is missing, a white arrow on pin 1 of the cTI-20 connector helps you ensure proper orientation.



This is a diagram of the ADA-MIPI20-cTI20 adapter:



Pin	l-jet direction	Name	Description
nTRST	Output	Test Logic Reset	Active LOW signal that causes all test and debug logic in the device to be reset along with the IEEE 1149.1 TAP.
ТСК	Output	Test Clock	Test clock used to drive the IEEE 1149.1 TAP state machine and logic.
TMS	Output	Test Mode Select	Directs the next state of the IEEE 1149.1 TAP state machine.
TDI	Output	Test Data Input	IEEE 1149.1 scan data input to the device.
TDO	Input	Test Data Output	IEEE 1149.1 scan data output from the device.
RTCK	Input	TCK Return	Not used; connected to ground on the target board.
PD	Input	Power Detect	Should be tied to the I/O voltage of the target device. Used by I-jet to detect if target power is active and to set the JTAG signal voltage reference for level translators.
EMU0	I/O	Emulation 0	Depending on the device, EMU pins support boot modes and other features. I-jet does not use this pin but it is routed to the TRACEDATA[2] pin on the MIPI20 connector. For proper booting, this pin should be pulled-up on the target.
EMUI	I/O	Emulation I	Depending on the device, EMU pins support boot modes and other features. I-jet does not use this pin but it is routed to the TRACEDATA[3] pin on the MIPI20 connector. For proper booting, this pin should be pulled-up on the target.
nRESET	I/O	System Reset	Active LOW open-collector signal that can be driven by I-jet to reset the device and/or the target board. I-jet senses this line to determine when a board has been reset by the user or by watchdog timer.

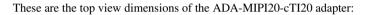
These are the pin definitions for the ADA-MIPI20-cTI20 adapter:

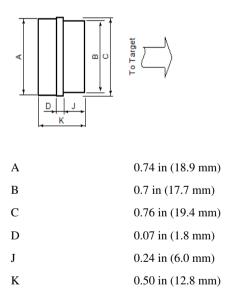
Table 11: ADA-MIP120-cT120 adapter pin definitions

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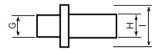
TMS -0 1 20- nTRST 4 0+ TDIS TVD (PD) +0 5 6 CH KEY TDO -+07 8 0+ GND TCKRTN · GND -09 10 0+ TCK -+0.11 12 0- GND EMU0 + 0 13 14 0+ EMU1 nSYSRST 15 16 - GND EMU2 (NC) 17 180 EMU3 (NC) EMU4 (NC) 19 200+ GND

This is the pinout of the target cTI20 JTAG header. Pin 6 should be missing to indicate the proper orientation.





These are the side view dimensions of the ADA-MIPI20-cTI20 adapter:



G	0.19 in (0.5 mm)
Н	0.2 in (5.1 mm)
Ι	0.36 in (9.1 mm)

cTI20 header information (for target board)

The cTI20 header is manufactured by Samtec USA. The model number is FTR-110-51-S-D-06. For more information, see the manufacturer's web page, http://www.samtec.com/products/ftr.